

Método de Crout

$$\text{Crout}(a, n) := \left| \begin{array}{l} c \leftarrow a \\ n1 \leftarrow n - 1 \\ n2 \leftarrow n1 - 1 \\ \text{for } I \in 0..n2 \\ \quad \text{for } i \in I + 1..n \\ \quad \quad c_{I,i} \leftarrow \frac{c_{I,i}}{c_{I,I}} \\ \quad \quad \text{for } k \in I + 1..n1 \\ \quad \quad \quad \text{for } j \in I + 1..n \\ \quad \quad \quad \quad c_{k,j} \leftarrow a_{k,j} - \sum_{J=0}^I (c_{k,J} c_{J,j}) \\ \quad c_{n1,n} \leftarrow \frac{c_{n1,n}}{c_{n1,n1}} \\ c \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} n := 3 \quad n1 := n - 1 \\ a := \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -6 & 8 & 24 \\ 5 & 4 & -3 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 & 16 \end{pmatrix} \\ b := \text{Crout}(a, n) \\ b \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 & 4 & 12 \\ 5 & 19 & -\frac{23}{19} & -\frac{58}{19} \\ 3 & 10 & \frac{40}{19} & 5 \end{pmatrix} \end{array}$$

$$U_{n1,n1} := 0 \quad i := 0..n1 \quad U_{i,i} := 1 \quad y := b^{(n)}$$

$$\text{Upper}(b) := \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{for } i \in 0..n1 \\ \quad u_{i,i} \leftarrow 1 \\ \quad \text{for } j \in 0..n1 \\ \quad \quad u_{i,j} \leftarrow b_{i,j} \text{ if } j > i \\ u \end{array} \right. \quad \text{Lower}(b) := \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{for } i \in 0..n1 \\ \quad \text{for } j \in 0..n1 \\ \quad \quad u_{i,j} \leftarrow b_{i,j} \text{ if } i \geq j \\ u \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} U := \text{Upper}(b) \\ L := \text{Lower}(b) \end{array}$$

$$U \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{23}{19} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad L \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 19 & 0 \\ 3 & 10 & \frac{40}{19} \end{pmatrix} \quad L \cdot U \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -6 & 8 \\ 5 & 4 & -3 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x := \left| \begin{array}{l} x_{n1} \leftarrow y_{n1} \\ \text{for } i \in n1 - 1..0 \\ \quad x_i \leftarrow y_i - \sum_{k=i+1}^{n1} (U_{i,k} \cdot x_k) \\ x \end{array} \right. \quad x \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$