

DEFINICAO DE SOMATÓRIO

$$f := (x) \rightarrow (x - i)$$

$$x \rightarrow x - i \quad (1)$$

$$soma := (x) \rightarrow sum(f(x), i = 1 .. 3)$$

$$x \rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^3 f(x) \quad (2)$$

$$soma(x)$$

$$3x - 6 \quad (3)$$

$$soma(5)$$

$$9 \quad (4)$$

DEFINIÇÃO DE PRODUTÓRIO

$$Prod := (x) \rightarrow product(f(x), i = 1 .. 3)$$

$$x \rightarrow \prod_{i=1}^3 f(x) \quad (5)$$

$$Prod(x)$$

$$(x - 1)(x - 2)(x - 3) \quad (6)$$

$$expand(Prod(x))$$

$$x^3 - 6x^2 + 11x - 6 \quad (7)$$

$$Prod(5)$$

$$24 \quad (8)$$

CÁLCULO DE INTEGRAIS

$$int(x^2, x)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} x^3 \quad (9)$$

$$\int x^2 dx$$

$$\frac{1}{3} x^3 \quad (10)$$

$$int(x^2, x = a .. b)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} b^3 - \frac{1}{3} a^3 \quad (11)$$

$$\int_a^b x^2 dx$$

$$\frac{1}{3} b^3 - \frac{1}{3} a^3 \quad (12)$$

$$g := int(x^2, [x = a .. b, y = c .. d])$$

$$\frac{1}{3} b^3 (d - c) - \frac{1}{3} a^3 (d - c) \quad (13)$$

$$\int_a^b \int_c^d x^2 dy dx$$

$$\frac{1}{3} (d - c) (b^3 - a^3) \quad (14)$$

CALCULO DE DERIVADAS

$$f := x^2$$

$$x^2 \quad (15)$$

$$\text{diff}(f, x)$$

$$2x \quad (16)$$

$$\text{diff}(f, x^2)$$

$$2 \quad (17)$$

$$\text{diff}(f, x^3)$$

$$0 \quad (18)$$

$$\text{diff}(x^2 \cdot y, [x, y])$$

$$2x \quad (19)$$

$$\text{diff}(f \cdot y, [x^2, y])$$

$$2 \quad (20)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} x^2$$

$$2x \quad (21)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} (x^2 \cdot y)$$

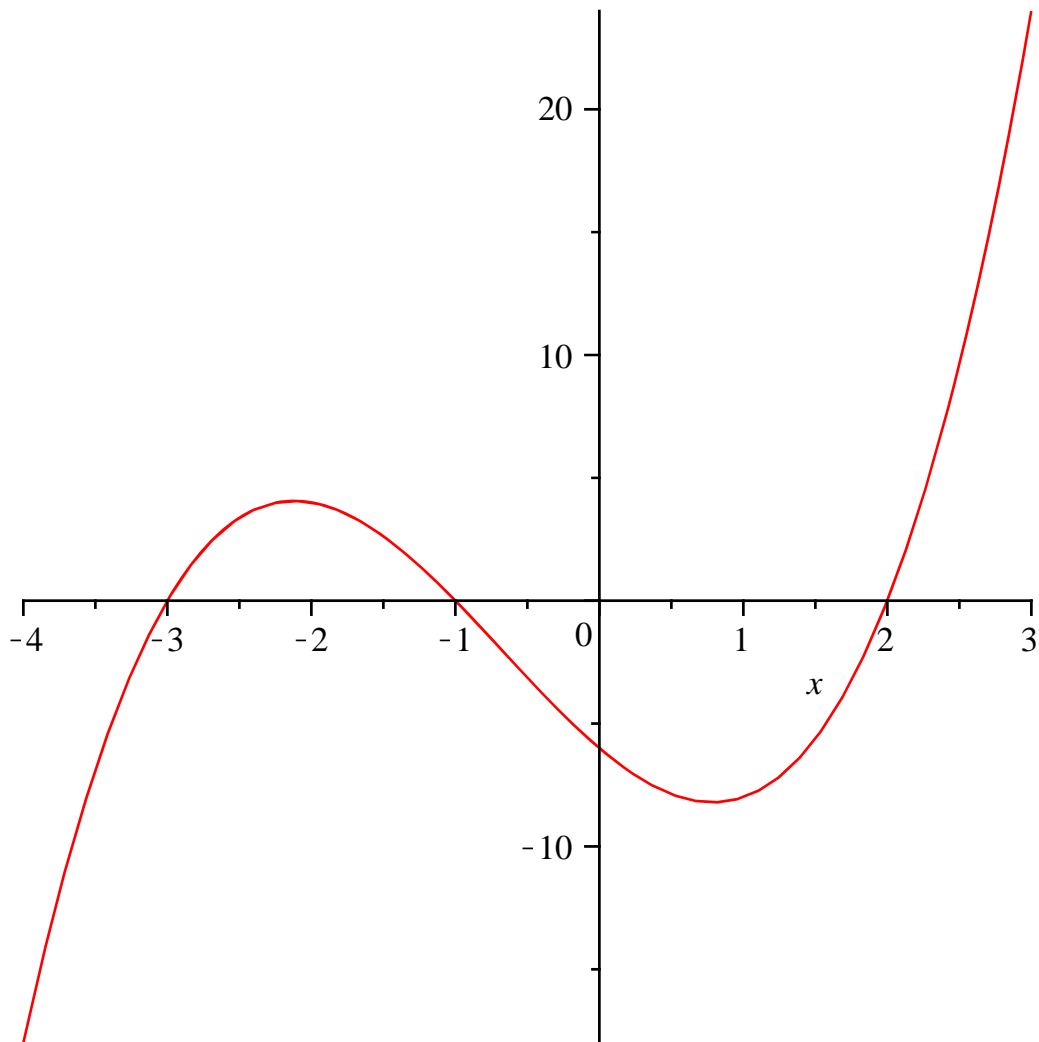
$$2xy \quad (22)$$

RESOLUÇÃO DE EQUAÇÕES

$$f := x \rightarrow x^3 + 2x^2 - 5x - 6$$

$$x \rightarrow x^3 + 2x^2 - 5x - 6 \quad (23)$$

$$\text{plot}(f(x), x = -4..3)$$



$evalf(solve(f(x)))$

2., -3., -1.

(24)

$solve(x \cdot y^2 - y = 5, x)$

$\frac{y+5}{y^2}$

(25)

$solve([x \cdot y^2 - y = 5, y = 3])$

$\left\{x = \frac{8}{9}, y = 3\right\}$

(26)

$solve([x \cdot y^2 - y = 5, y < 0])$

$\left\{x = \frac{y+5}{y^2}, y < 0\right\}$

(27)

Solução para múltiplas equações

Destá forma é necessário informar quais são as variáveis

$solve([x^2 + x \cdot y = 3, x + y \cdot x = 1], [x, y])$

$\left[[x = -1, y = -2], [x = 2, y = -\frac{1}{2}]\right]$

(28)

Não é necessário informar quem são as variáveis

$$\text{fsolve}([x^2 + x \cdot y = 3, x + y \cdot x = 1])$$

$$\{x = 2.0000000000, y = -0.5000000000\} \quad (29)$$

$$\text{fsolve}(f(x))$$

$$-3., -1., 2. \quad (30)$$

$$\text{sol} := \text{solve}(q^2 - r \cdot s + q = 5, q)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{21 + 4rs}, -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{21 + 4rs} \quad (31)$$

$$f := \text{unapply}(\text{sol}[1], r, s)$$

$$(r, s) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{21 + 4rs} \quad (32)$$

$$f(a, b)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{21 + 4ab} \quad (33)$$

$$f(1, 2)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{29} \quad (34)$$

RESOLUCAO ANALÍTICA DE EDOs

restart

with(DEtools) :

$$\text{edo1} := \text{diff}(y(x), x\$2) + 2 \cdot y(x) - 1 \quad (35)$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 2 y(x) - 1 \quad (36)$$

$$\text{edo2} := D[1, 1](y)(x) + 2 \cdot y(x) - 1$$

$$D^{(2)}(y)(x) + 2 y(x) - 1 \quad (37)$$

$$\text{dsolve}(\text{edo1})$$

$$y(x) = \sin(\sqrt{2} x) _C2 + \cos(\sqrt{2} x) _C1 + \frac{1}{2} \quad (38)$$

$$\text{dsolve}(\text{edo2})$$

$$y(x) = \sin(\sqrt{2} x) _C2 + \cos(\sqrt{2} x) _C1 + \frac{1}{2} \quad (39)$$

$$CI := y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0$$

$$y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0 \quad (40)$$

$$\text{dsolve}([\text{edo1}, CI])$$

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(\sqrt{2} x) \quad (41)$$

SOLUÇÃO NUMERICA DE EDOs DE 1º ORDEM

restart

with(DEtools) :

$$\text{edo1} := \{ \text{diff}(x(t), t) = y(t), \text{diff}(y(t), t) = x(t) + y(t), x(0) = 2, y(0) = 1 \}$$

$$\left\{ x(0) = 2, y(0) = 1, \frac{d}{dt} x(t) = y(t), \frac{d}{dt} y(t) = x(t) + y(t) \right\} \quad (42)$$

$$\text{sol} := \text{dsolve}(\text{edo1}, \text{numeric})$$

$$\text{proc}(x_rkf45) \dots \text{end proc} \quad (43)$$

sol(2)

$$[t = 2., x(t) = 25.7240281916026740, y(t) = 40.9727198081363894]$$

(44)

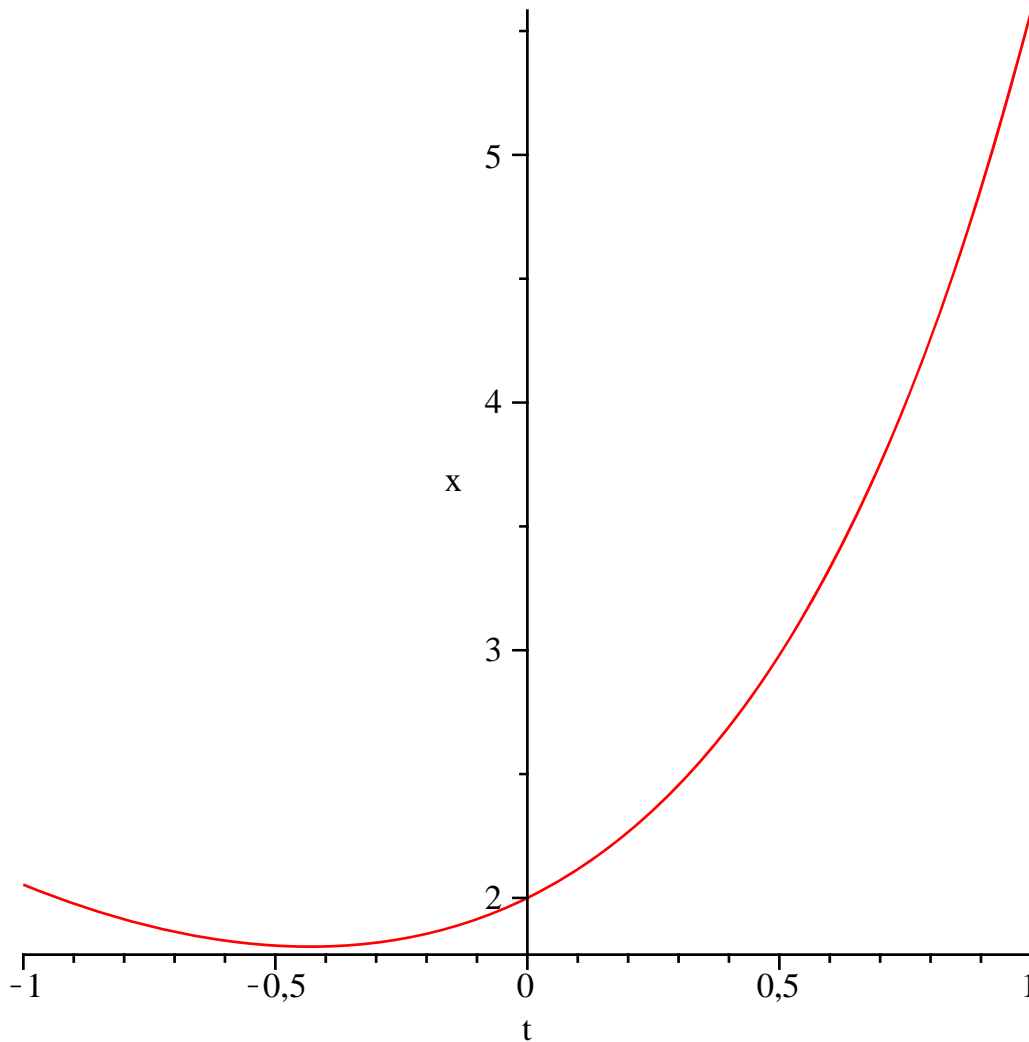
dsolve(*edol*, *numeric*, *output* = *array*([0, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1]))

	t	$x(t)$	$y(t)$
	0.	2.	1.
0.250000000000000000	2.35540190364649460	1.89517632348434594	
0.500000000000000000	2.97986745286469780	3.17987661172618540	
0.750000000000000000	3.99438966474656842	5.05643289721047750	
1.	5.58216755967155808	7.82688931187210280	

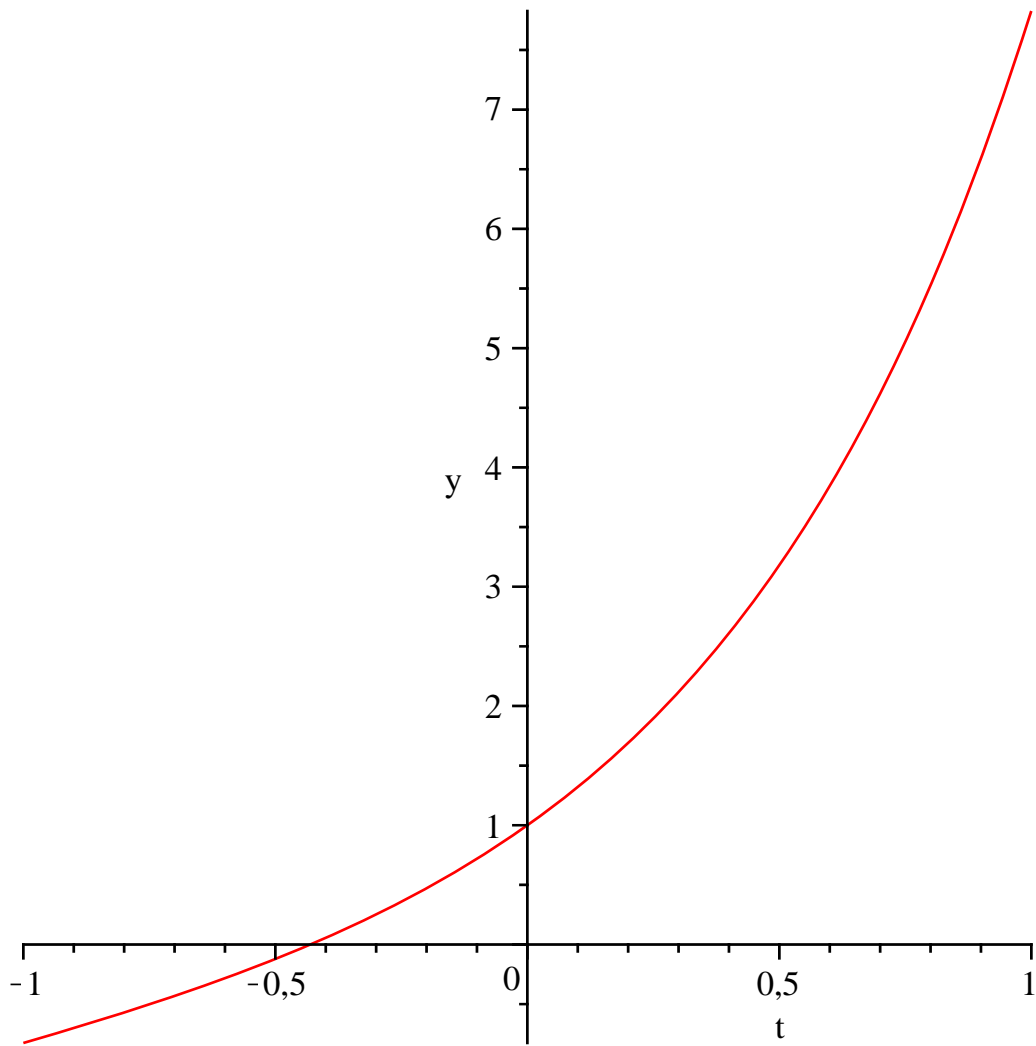
(45)

with(*plots*) :

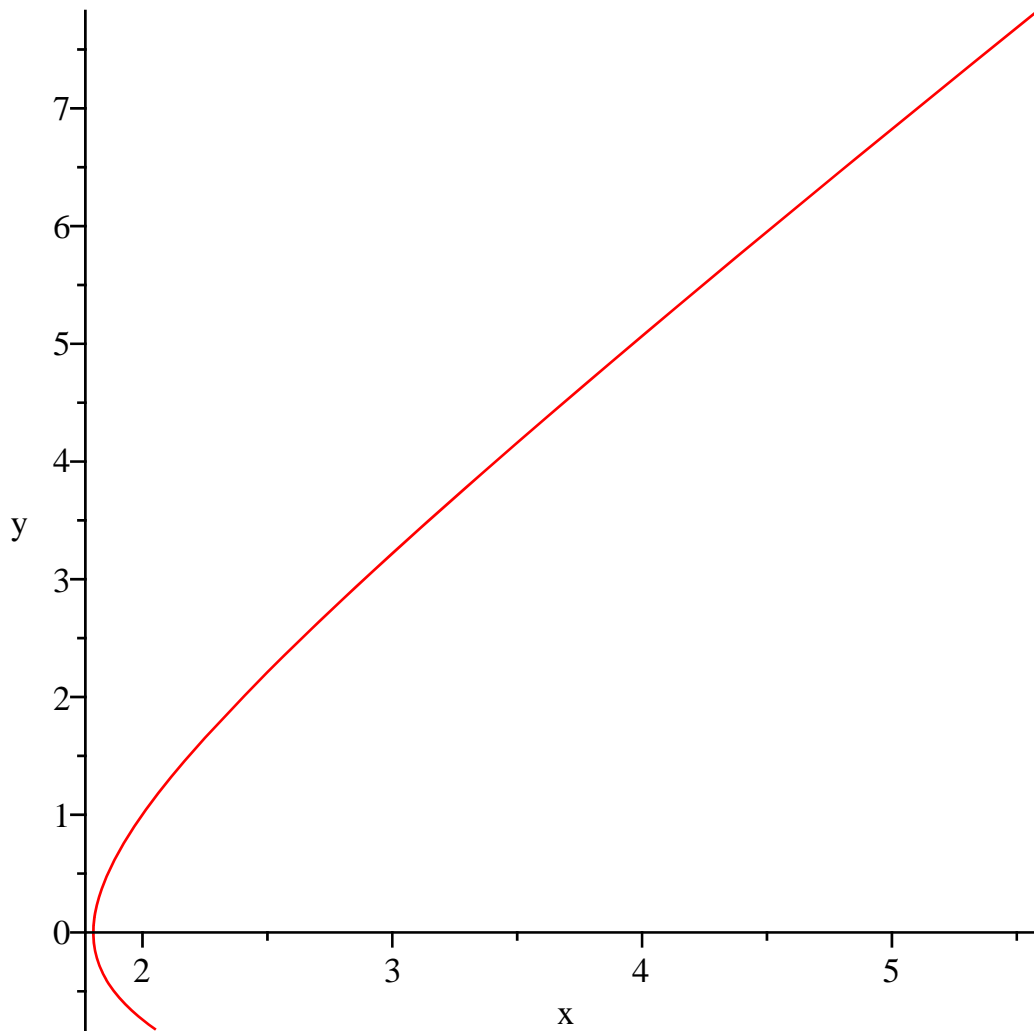
odeplot(*sol*, [*t*, *x*(*t*)], -1 ..1)



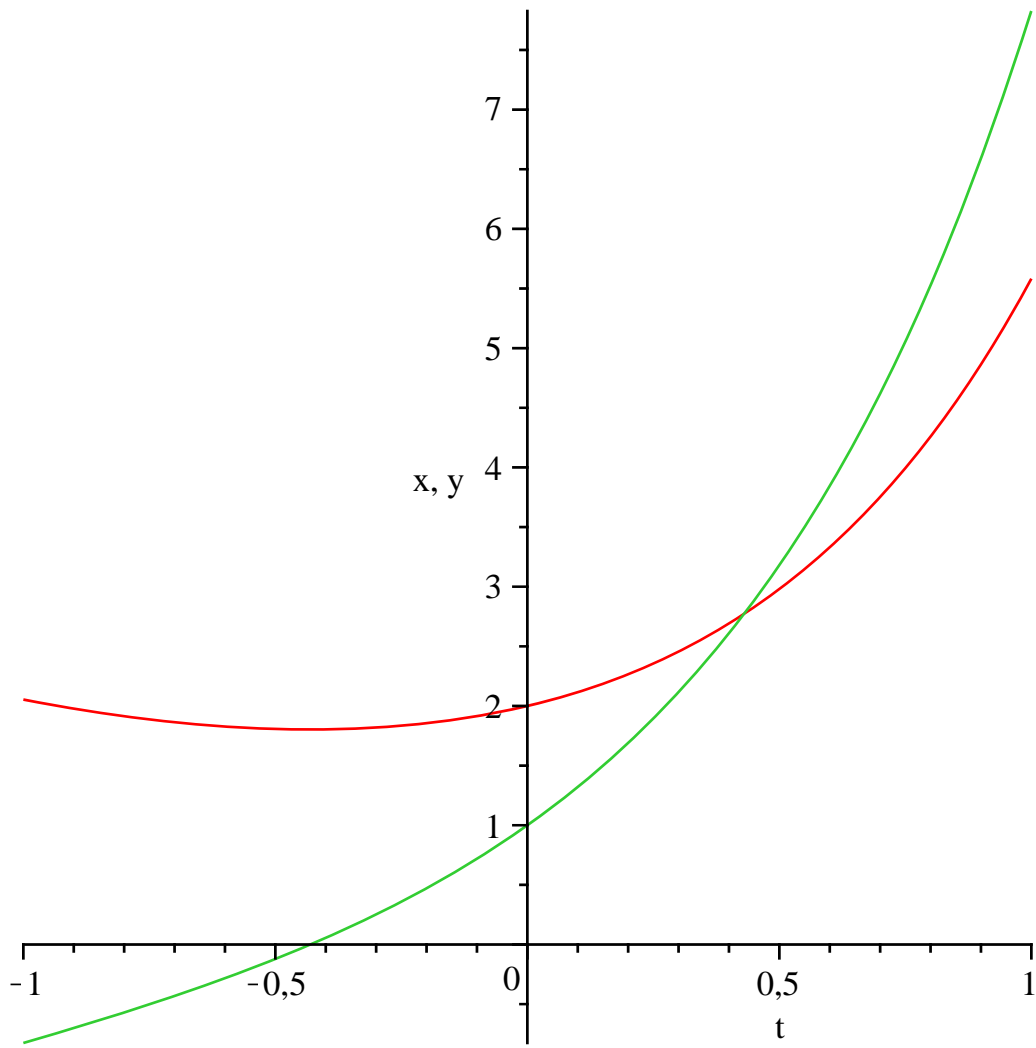
odeplot(*sol*, [*t*, *y*(*t*)], -1 ..1)



`odeplot(sol, [x(t), y(t)], -1..1)`



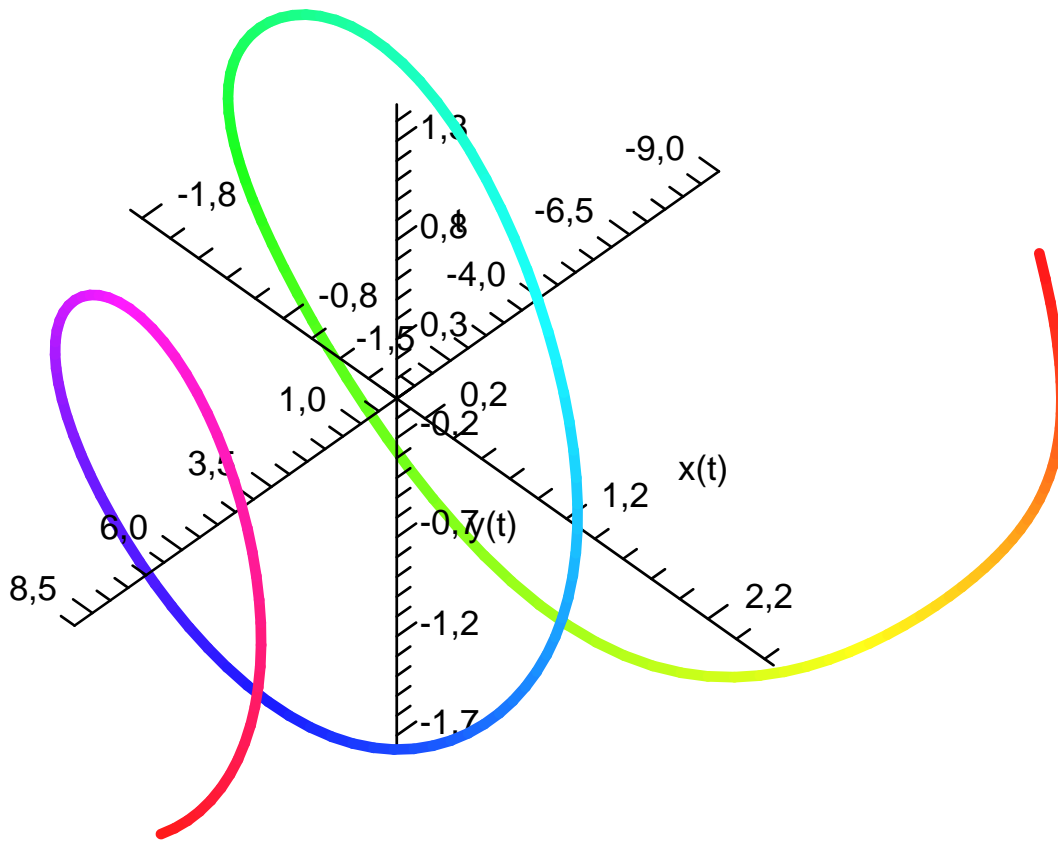
`odeplot(sol, [[t, x(t)], [t, y(t)]], -1 ..1)`



`odeplot(sol, [t, x(t), y(t)], -1 ..1)`



$DEplot3d\left(\left\{\frac{d}{dt} x(t) = y(t), \frac{d}{dt} y(t) = -\sin(x(t)) - \frac{y(t)}{10}\right\}, \{x(t), y(t)\}, t = -9..9, \text{stepsize} = 0.1, \right.$
 $\left. [[x(0) = 1, y(0) = 1]], \text{linecolor} = t, \text{axes} = \text{normal}\right)$



SOLUÇÃO NUMÉRICA DE EDOs DE ORDENS SUPERIORES

restart

with(DEtools) :

with(plots) :

edo := {diff(y(t), t\$3) - 2·diff(y(t), t\$2) + 2·y(t)}

$$\left\{ \frac{d^3}{dt^3} y(t) - 2 \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) \right) + 2 y(t) \right\} \quad (46)$$

cond := {y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 1, D[1, 1](y)(0) = 1}

$$\{y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 1, D^{(2)}(y)(0) = 1\} \quad (47)$$

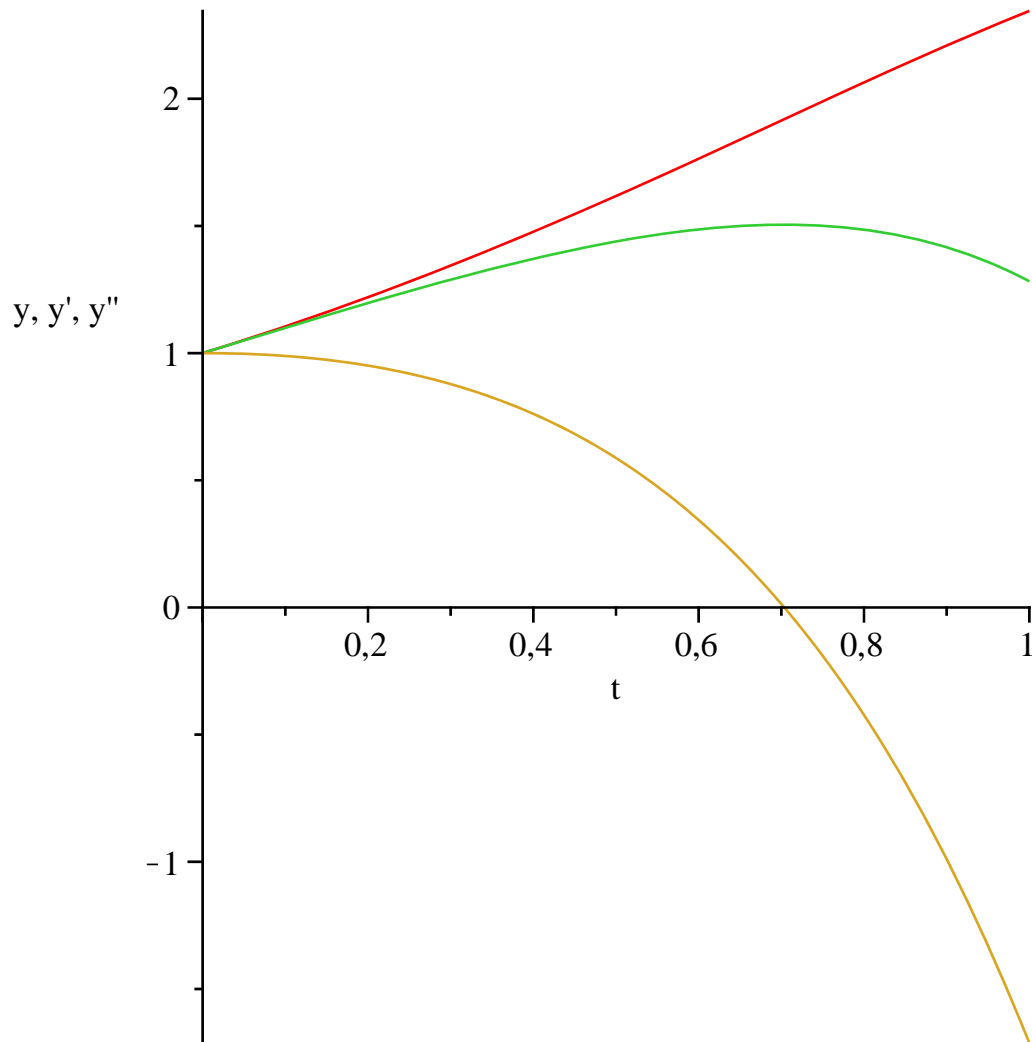
sol := dsolve(edo union cond, numeric)

proc(x_rkf45) ... end proc (48)

sol(1)

$$\left[t = 1., y(t) = 2.34524318556758394, \frac{d}{dt} y(t) = 1.28247861202400792, \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) = -1.71244940665076606 \right] \quad (49)$$

odeplot(sol, [[t, y(t)], [t, diff(y(t), t)], [t, diff(y(t), t\$2)]], 0..1)



SOLUÇÃO NUMÉRICA DE EQUAÇÕES ALGÉBRICAS DIFERENCIAIS

restart

with(DEtools) :

with(plots) :

sis := {diff(x(t), t\$2) = -T(t) · x(t), diff(y(t), t\$2) = -T(t) · y(t) - 1, x(t)² + y(t)² = 1, x(0) = 1, D(x)(0) = 0, y(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0, T(0) = 0}

$$\left\{ x(t)^2 + y(t)^2 = 1, T(0) = 0, x(0) = 1, y(0) = 0, \frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) = -T(t) x(t), \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) = -T(t) y(t) - 1, D(x)(0) = 0, D(y)(0) = 0 \right\} \quad (50)$$

sol := dsolve(sis, numeric, output = operator)

[t = proc(t) ... end proc, T = proc(t) ... end proc, x = proc(t) ... end proc, D(x) = proc(t) ... end proc] (51)

...

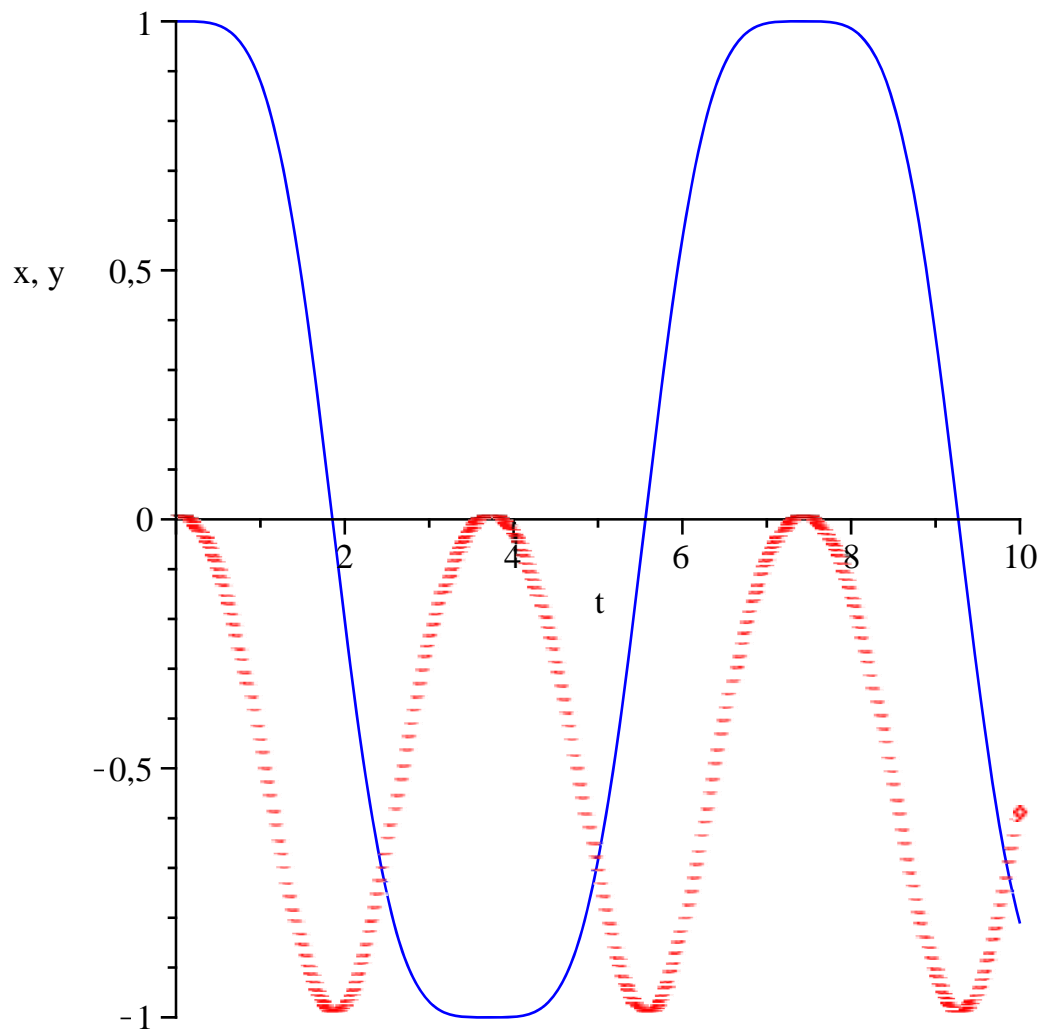
end proc, y = proc(t) ... end proc, D(y) = proc(t) ... end proc]

sol(2)

[t = 2., T(2) = 2.93679181807691236, x(2) = -0.204193214767333708, D(x)(2) = -1.36975488521078192, y(2) = -0.978930605836405010, D(y)(2) ...] (52)

`=0.285714484552269388]`

`odeplot(sol, [[t, x(t), color = blue,], [t, y(t), color = red, style = point]], 0 ..10, numpoints = 300)`



`odeplot(sol, [x(t), y(t), color = blue], 0 ..4, numpoints = 100, frames = 50)`

